Economics II

018

1/11/2013

2pm - 5pm

REPUBLIC OF RWANDA



RWANDA EDUCATION BOARD

ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2013

SUBJECT: ECONOMICS

PAPER 2: APPLICATION OF BASIC PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

COMBINATION(S):HISTORY- ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY: HEG

HISTORY- ECONOMICS-LITERATURE: HEL

LITERATURE- ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY: LEG

MATHEMATICS-ECONOMICS-GEOGRAPHY: MEG

MATHEMATICS-COMPUTER SCIENCE-ECONOMICS: MCE

PHYSICS-ECONOMICS-MATHEMATICS: PEM

DURATION: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Do not open this question paper until you are told to do so.

2. This paper consists of TWO sections A and B.

Section A: This section is compulsory.

(55 marks)

Section B: Answer any THREE questions.

(45 marks)

3. Use only blue pen.

SECTION A: ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS (55 marks)

✓1. a) What do you understand by an Economic good?	(1 mark)
b) Give the characteristics of "economic goods".	(3marks)
√ 2. a) What do we call "goods of first order"?	(1 mark)
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b) Why are they called "goods of first order"?	(1 mark)
3. a) When is equilibrium in the market attained?	(1 mark)
b) Give any three situations characteristic of an economy in	
general equilibrium.	3 marks)
√ 4. A certain woman always buys tomatoes in Nyabugogo market	
for her restaurant. Last year she spent 2,500 Rwf per 5kgs per day.	
With the shortage of tomatoes this year; she spent 3,000 Rwf for 49	kgs.
a) Calculate the price elasticity of demand for tomatoes in	
P	2 marks)
b) Using graphical representation, draw a demand curve for the	
	2 marks)
c) Explain the importance of knowledge of the concept of elasticity	
,	3 marks)
belore government made taxaction points.	· 1141110)
(5 a) What do you understand by "evens conscity" of a firm?	(1 mark)
v 5. a) What do you understand by "excess capacity" of a firm?	
b) Describe any five causes of excess capacity of a firm.	(5 marks)
6. a) What is meant by the term "monopoly"?	(1 mark)
	4 marks)
	(4 marks)
c) Explain any four measures of controlling monopoly.	(-T Marks)
7. a) Outline two measures the government of Rwanda can use to	
	2 marks)

V	8. What are the reasons behind the following macroeconomic	
	stabilization policies?	
	a) Monetary policy.	(2 marks)
	b) Fiscal policy	(3 marks)
	9. a) Define the following:	
	i. Inflationary gap	(1 mark)
	ii. Deflationary gap	(1 mark)
	b) Suggest any three policies to close each one of the above gaps.	(6 marks)
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3	10. a) What do you understand by macro level planning?	(2 marks)
	b) What does the planning process involve?	(6 marks)
	Section B: ATTEMPT THREE QUESTIONS ONLY (45 marks)	•,
	11. a) What is meant by the term "dualism"?	(2 marks)
	b) In what ways can the Rwanda economy be independent?	(6 marks)
	c) Suggest any seven possible policy measures to reduce poverty	
	in Rwanda.	(7 marks)
/	12. a) Discuss any seven obstacles to agricultural development	
	in Rwanda.	(7 marks)
	b) Outline the steps that are being taken by the Rwanda	
	government to improve the agricultural sector.	(8 marks)
	13. a) What is a trade union?	(2 marks)
	b) Outline any five functions of a trade union?	(5 marks)
	c) Discuss any eight conditions under which trade unions may	
	demand for higher wages?	(8 marks)

- \$\nabla\$ 14. a) Give any five characteristics of developed countries.
 b) Discuss any ten ways that can be used to increase economic growth in your country.
- 15. a) Rural-urban migration is a common phenomenon in developing countries. What are the likely causes of this phenomenon? (5 marks)
 b) Suggest any five measures that should be adopted by developing countries to reduce rural –urban migration. (5 marks)

c) Explain any five disadvantages of rural -urban migration. (5 marks)

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